L. D. Tuckle

Centreville Times, AND EASTERN-SHORE PUBLIC ADVERTISER.

No. 490. CENTREVILLE, E. S. MARYLAND; JANUARY 4: 1834. J. B. Spencer, Editor

Terms.

$3 PER NNUM—or
$2,50 IF PAID IN ADVANCE.
Single Papers, 6 Cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS of 15 lines printed 3 weeks for One dollar—longer ones in the same proportion.

Cash will be required for all advetisements inserted in the Centreville Times.—administrators, Constables, and Sheriffs advertising sales will be credited until the expiration of the day of sale, at which time the money will invariably be expected from the officer advertising any sale.

Subscriptions are always intended for a Year, and a subscriber must notify the editor before he can discontinue the Paper.

All Letters, Communications, and Advertisements, must come POSTAGE FREE or they will not be taken out of the Post office.

NEGROES

wanted!

We wish to purchase 40 or 50 hands: we wish to purchase some families, & would like to purchase as many as practicable from the same plantation or neighborhood.—

Persons wishing to sell families can receive the most satisfactory evidence that we purchase for our own use &r will not separate them, by applying at the bar of Mr. Wilmer's tavern in this place,

FELIX HUSTON &
WALTER BYRNES.
Centreville Aug. 17th 1833

BEEF! BEEF!

The subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and citizens of Centreville and vicinity generally, that he intends carrying on the Butchering business and will supply the market with all kinds of meat in their season. He will attend the market daily, except Thursdays, and his customers in case they should be in want, can be supplied with meat on that day—and he hopes a strict attention to the Business & a disposition on his part to please, will entitle him to a share of the public patronage. The publicks ob't. serv't,

JOHN M'FARLAND.
October 12.

Notice.

The partnership, heretofore existing between *Francis Arlett Robert Butle* in the CABINET MAKING & CARPENTER'S BUSINESS, was dissolved on the 20th inst. by the death of Francis Arlett. All persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to make immediate payment to

ROBERT BUTLER

SLOOP PATRIOT

FOR SALE.

The fine substantial built little Sloop Patriot at private sale.—This Vessel is twelve months old on or about the 20th of this month, will carry about 800 bushels of grain, was built by the subscriber for his own use of the best materials, has a large and commodious cabin finished in the best manner with eight births, State Room included is fitted up in a superior style & is considered a good Sailer. She is to be sold on no other account than that of being too small for the service she is engaged in,—will be sold a great bargain. Application made to

THOMAS H. KEMP
Love Point, Kent Island
June 22, 1833.

TO HIRE.

For the next year—several Negro women and girls, some of them have been accustomed to out work,

ROBT, WRIGHT,
Nov. 23, Head of wye

Housekeeper Wanted

The editor wishes to employ immediately, for a lady of his acquaintance, a housekeeper who understands sewing &c. The highest wages will be given. None need apply who cannot produce good recommendation

Cheap, Boots, Shoes, HATS &c.

The subscriber has now on hand a first rate stock of home made shoes and pumps, for gentlemen — ladies shoes, and coarse shoes for Negroess Hats &c. which he will sell very low for cash. *JOHN LUCAS.*
Centreville, aug. 31. tf.

Notice.

Persons indebted to the late Francis Arlett, on bond, note or open account are hereby notified that the administrator expects immediate payment, otherwise compulsory process must be used towards them.
Nov. 16. *Wm. Harper, ad.*

COACH GIG AND

Harness making

The subscriber informs his friends and the publick, that he has on hand, A very handsome assortment of

GIGS & OTHER CARRIAGES:

Suitable for the Eastern Shore of Md. and invites those who wish to purchase to call and see for themselves.

His work is made of the best materials and by experienced workmen having but few apprentices he can with much confidence recommend his carriages to be strong, easy and light, He has also some second handed carriages for sale.

In addition to carriage making he carries on the Saddling Business in all its various branches, and he is determined not to be surpassed by any in either branch of his business, as regards quality, price, neatness and strength, or the ease of his carriages or saddles.

DANIEL NEWNAM.

N. B. Some of my customers have neglected to call and settle off their accounts, They are invited to call speedily—cash is a necessary article to carry on so expensive a business.
The publick's humble servant—D N.
Centreville August 13, 1833

Overseer Wanted.

The subscriber wishes to employ for the ensuing year a single man as an Overseer—he must be honest, capable & willing to work—apply to Philip C. Wallis, opposite Chestertown or to

PHILIP WALLIS
Nov. 30th 1833. Baltimore,

150 SERVANTS

WANTED,

Of all descriptions—— mechanicks of al kinds from 12 to twenty-five years of age also 50 in families—it is desirable to purchase them in large lots as they will be settled in Alabama and will not be separated—Persons having slaves to dispose of will do well to give me a call as I am permanently settled in this market, and at all times will give the highest cash prices. Any communication directed to me in Easton will be promptly attended to. can at all times be found at Mr. Lowe'
May 5th. THOS. M. JONES

Bargains! Bargains, NEW GOODS.

WILLIAM STEVENS

Has the pleasure of informing his friend and the public generally, that he has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimor with a beautiful assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Which were selected with care and attention, and added to his recent purchases make his assortment very extensive.—It consists in part of a Beautiful stock of New Style Calicoes—British and French Merinoes and Circassians, and an extensive assortment of SILK GOODS—together with a general stock of British, Irish, Russia, Scotch and DOMESTIC GOODS. Also

A large Assortment of

GROCERIES;

Among which are superior

Fresh Teas—

Prime Port and Madeira

WINES.

Hrdware, China, Glass, and Crockery

All of which he will sell very low for cash or exchange for country produce.

Magistrates Blanks

For Sale at this Office.

POETRY.

THINK OF ETERNITY.

From the Gem,

Think of age with all its cares,
Nor yet of youth with all its joys,
Of things that are, or things to be,
Think only of Eternity.

And are you young, and vain and gay
Or yet by age grown staid and grey,
In either case you wisely may
Think deeply of Eternity.

And oh! if on the bed of death you lie,
Ere yet you close your wearied eye
Or breathe to friends a farewell sigh
Think calmly on Eternity.

When friends for you have ceased to sigh
When you have passed forgotten by
And in the cold, the cold grave lie
O happy, happy may you be
For endless is Eternity.

ITEMS.

John Randolph

Coming out of the hall of representatives once, he called his dogs, saying he did not like to leave them in bad company. Charleston Banner.

The *Gazette de France* says—"It appears that persons capable of forming a correct judgement fear for England, a violent and near approaching crisis. The British aristocracy is at this moment emigrating in crowds to the Continent."

A NOVELTY.

Two dead Whales lately came ashore on Assateague beach in this county, One 117 feet in length, and the other 87. The cause of their death is not ascertained.—They were perfectly whole and it is expected that 300 barrels of oil will be obtained from the large one.

Snow-Hill (Md.) Messenger.

A SHAVE.

One hundred and fifty casks of bronzed statutes arrived from Liverpool, faithful likenesses of Bonaparte, Jackson, Wellington, Van Buren, Swartwout, Cambreling, Hamilton, Biddle, and other distinguished personages, which turned out on inspection, to be lead, some weighing 50lbs. The bronze figures are free of duty, lead pays five cents per lb. The whole will be seized, confiscated and melted down.—What an amalgamation, let's have no fighting in the crucible.

N. Y. Evening Star.

The State House at Milledgeville, Georgia was lately near being destroyed by fire. The preservation of the building was mainly owing to the great and hazardous exertions of a colored man, a slave. Immediately after the fire was over, his liberty was offered him but he refused to accept it. The Governor has recommended to the Legislature to vote him some handsome end acceptable reward. The man was the property of Mr. Tailor.

Owe no Man.

From the Wilkesbarre Gleaner,

Pray take my advice if a fortune you'd get
Pay off what you owe and then keep out of debt.

This may be bad poetry, but depend upon it, it is excellent sense. It is an old saying that a debtor is a slave to the creditor. If so, half the world enter into voluntary servitude. The universal rage to buy on credit, is a serious evil in this country. Many a married man is ruined by it.

There was Titus Thornbury, who was an industrious man. He had got as good a farm as lay in the north parish of Applebury.—But unfortunately he gave way to the prevailing fashion of getting in debt, and a bad life he led of it. At thirty, he owed £2,000. His farm yielded about that sum. He could not live without purchasing some things and so all the money he could raise went to pay principal & interest on his debt, he had ever to buy on credit. So at the year's end with interest and cost, and no loss of time, and extra charge for things because he did not make ready pay, he was just as deeply involved as the year before. Thus embarrassed—dunned and dunned was poor Thornbury for twenty years.

Not so with his cousin Ned Foster He vowed he'd owe no man. The produce of his farm was about the same as that of Thornbury's; but as he was not forced by duns, or executions to sell it out of season, he got the highest price; as he pays for things as he buys them, he had them 2 per cent. cheaper—as he paid neither interest nor cost and lost no time in running to borrow money or see his creditors he lay up £90 a year, and lived quite as well as his cousin, and infinitely happier.

When poor Thornbury saw a man riding up the road, his anxious look told him as plainly as it could tell, plague on that fellow, he has come to dun.—When a sudden rap at the door announced a visitor, no matter how lately he had been dunned, he turned pale and looked sorrowfully anxious, until the visitor was known.

Many a man goes into the store for a single article. Looking around, twenty things strike his eye, he has no money, buys on credit.—Foolish man! Pay day must come, and ten chances to one, like death it finds you unprepared to meet it. Tell me, ye who have experienced it, did the pleasure of possessing the article bear any proportion to the pain of being called on to pay for it when you had it not in your power.

Good people, hark ye, a few rules, well kept; will contribute much to your happiness and independence.—Never buy what you do not really want. Never buy on credit what you can possibly do without. Take pride in being able to say I owe no man. Wives are sometimes thoughtless, daughters now and then extravagant. Many a time when neither the wife nor the daughter would willingly give a single pang to the fond father's bosom they urge and tease him to get articles pleasant enough to be sure to possess, but difficult for him to buy, he purchases on credit, is dunned, sued, and many an hour made wretched by their folly and imprudence. Old Robert presents his compliments to the ladies and begs they would have the goodness to read the last eight lines once a week till they get them by heart, and then act as their own excellent dispositions will direct.

Above all things, good people never go in debt to a tavern. To grog, to sling, to bitters! Oh horrid! what a bill! Never owe your shoemaker, your tailor, your printer, your blacksmith, or labourer. Besides the bad policy of keeping in debt, it is downright injustice to those whose labor you have received all the benefits of.

How happy the farmer who owes not a pound
But lays up his fifty each year that comes rougd,
He fears neither constable, sheriff nor dun,
To bank or to Justice has never to run.

His cellar well fill'd and his pantry well stor'd
He lives far more blest than a prince or a lord
Then take my advice if a fortune you'd get
Pay off what you owe, and then keep out of debt.

A grain of Musk will, it is said, scent a room for twenty years, and at the end of that period will have lost little of its weight.

ANOTHER FAILURE,

We learn that another and very heavy Failure, of one of our most staunch citizens occurred this morning. The storm came—and he was prostrated. Where and when will these things end?

Phil. Inte.

POPULAR MOVEMENTS.

The citizens of Richmond Va. opposed to the Removal of the deposits are about to hold a public meeting to co-operate in measures to alleviate the existing public distress.—*Ib*

The State Rights party of Georgia have nominated George M. Troup as a candidate for the next Presidency. —*Ib*,

Communications

For the Centreville Times.

Mr. Spencer.—I received some days ago a letter from Major James P. Caldwell detailing the circumstances attending the death of his sister, Mrs. Jane E. Calder, formerly the beautiful and amiable Miss Jane Caldwell, of Centre Ville. As his object in writing to me was to give information to her friends of her triumphal end, I send you for publication, extracts from his letter which you will please to insert in your paper.

P. B. H.

EXTRACTS.

Texas, Mexican Government, Oct. 5, 1833,

Dear Sir;—Permit an old schoolmate to address you on a subject, to me truly solemn—I hope (though a length of time has elapsed since any of our family were in C, Ville) we are not entirely erased from the memory of our esteemed friends. I wish to remind our old associates of my affectionate sister, Jane E, Calder, she died here the 25th of September 1833, the happiest being that I ever saw leave the world. She threw her arms around my neck and remarked, Oh, my dear brother, I shall be with you but a few days. The doctor or you cannot save me, I beg you and my dear son Robert, not to grieve after me, I am going to heaven, where you must both meet me. She very serenely and composedly directed her son to deliver certain religious books to her methodist sisters in Kentucky, that belonged to the same church and society with her. and request them to meet her in heaven, she requested me to write and have her funeral sermon preached in our two old neighborhoods in Kentucky, and appointed Rev, John Johnson at one place, and Rev, M'Nilly at the other, they were her favorites; this I have attended to, and as she spoke of Wye Camp ground as the place of her professing religion first, I concluded to write you of her death, that her friends might know the manner she left the world. Oh my God, such feelings I never expected to have had, she was the only prop it appeared to myself and her son, but we must try and bear it. Just before she died, she called, Where is my son, my Robert, she embraced him, then called for her brother, embracing us and kissing us, said, God bless you, and could just articulate, glory! glory! glory to God! and expired; no doubt the happiest spirit, that ever took its flight from Texas, for here there is no preaching, nothing that savours of religion, I intended, as she requested, to have taken her back to Kentucky in this month, as it appeared not probable that we should be allowed to establish Churches or Societies. But she is gone and gone to glory,

PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

In Philadelphia, the removal of the Deposits is not regarded as a party question—All parties are equally emphatic in their expressions of regret, for a measure that has blasted the fair prospects of the country, and spread dismay and ruin where, but a few months since, all was hope and activity.—When the President is informed of the state of the business community, he cannot refuse to join Congress in returning the deposits of the U. S. Bank.

Philad. (Jackson) Intel,

A CONTEST.

A gentleman of Georgia has challenged Col, Hasket to a walking match of 3,000 miles, The challenger is to eat per day, as a minimum allowance, 1lb, beef, 1lb, bread, and to drink 3 glasses of 4th proof brandy, and a half pint Madeira. The Col. is to eat per day his old allowance of bread & water.

Ib.

HORRIBLE.

We learn from the Washington Examiner, that an old man, connected in some way with the Navy, was burnt to death in that city on Saturday last, while in a state of intoxication, His clothes caught fire by accident, and parts of his body were completely flayed and crisped by the flame. He was dead when found; but from appearances his struggles and agony in dissolution must have been extreme—Ib.

Judge Porter, an opponent of the administration, has been elected Senator, by the Legislature of Louisiana. in the place of the Hon, Josiah Johnson. This will swell the majority in the Senate against the administration. Ib.

The Cherokees have appointed a delegation to appeal to Congress against Georgia,

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

Extract of a letter to the editors of the Journal of Commerce, dated Clay, (N. Y.) Dec. 20th.—A shocking accident occurred in this place, last Tuesday night, Two young ladies [Miss Ricord and Miss Hufftailing] went to bed in perfect health, and were found dead in the morning by their parents in consequence of charcoal fire in a tight room.

ANOTHER SOMAMBULIST,

A correspondent of the Bridgton. N. J, Whig, who has read the recent extraordinary accounts of the Sleeping Female, in Springfield, Mass, communicates to the editor the fact of the existence of a similar wonder in Cumberland county, The subject is a lady, about twenty years of age, who sleeps more than half of the day time whilst pursuing her ordinary business, She eats, drinks, sings, reads, writes, cyphers, &c, in her sleep, equally as correct as when awake, She can read and sew in a dark room, Sometimes she awakens while going from home on business, and is obliged to return to ascertain the motives of her errand. What she does when asleep, she does not remember when awake, but recollects again, when asleep, and her work is done as regularly when asleep as when awake,—At times she appears to be insane,

THE ALABAMA CONTROVERSY.

The public excitement in reference to this matter has been lulled by promises of an amicable settlement of the difficulty. As Americans, we rejoice at a result which neither compromised the dignity of the nation nor violated the rights of the states. We have been surprised however, to note that the entire mass of the army has been gathering slowly and quietly at Alabama. Why is this this? Is the compromise of the General Government to be rendered at the point of the bayonet? Orders have been issued from head quarters for the immediate marching of ten companies of the United States Artillery completely equipped for the field, to Fort Mitchell, in that state. This detachment, added to the troops already stationed at that post, will constitute an effective force of fourteen companies—and it is probable that a general officer will be designated to the command.

The object of this immense force is to coerce the Alabamians to submission.—Ib.

COMMUNICATED.

For the Times.

MR SPENCER—

You will oblige a subscriber by publishing the following remarks of the celebrated and pious Adam Clarke in his commentary on the third chapter of Peter.

"Simplicity reigned in premature times; natural alone were then in use. Trade and commerce brought in luxuries; and luxury brought pride and all the excessive nonsense of Dress. No female head ever looks so well as when adorned with its own hair alone—This is the ornament appointed by God. To cut it off or cover it is an unnatural practice—to exchange the hair which God has given for hair of some other color is an insult to the Creator." "The women who trust not in God, are fond of dress and frippery, those who trust in God follow nature and common sense."

"It will be rarely found that women, who are fond of dress and extravagant in it have any subjection to their husbands—but what comes from mere necessity. Indeed their dress which they intend as attractive to the eyes of others, is a sufficient proof that they have n either love nor respect for their own husbands. Let those, who are concerned refute the charge."

The same author says in his notes on the 2d chapter of Timothy.

"Woman has been invidiously defined, an animal fond of dress. How long will they suffer themselves to be thus degraded."—When either women or men spend much time, cost and attention in decorating their persons, it affords a painful proof that within there is little excellence, and that they are endeavoring to supply the want of mind and moral good, by the feeble and silly aids of dress and ornament.

Here, religion out of the question, common sense would say, in all these things, be decent, but be moderate and modest."

If these wholesome truths of this wise and good man were properly appreciated, many husbands and fathers would have more for the gospel and for charitable purposes. If the advice in the last line were taken, our modern belles would wear handkerchiefs, or have their frocks cut higher up by the neck, and a little of the width put in the length of their dress skirts;

BRANCHES LOOK OUT!

We are positively assured that the deposite banks did lay aside all the Savanah branch notes, they could collect, to give to Kendall's broker in this city to have them sent on to make a run on that branch. We are further assured that a discount on good paper of a bona fide character, as was supposed was obtained at that branch for $15,000, and that the specie for the notes were demanded as soon as payment for the discounts was made. We also learn that Kendall's broker meditates an attack on the Mobile branch Can it be possible that Congress can allow these conspirators to bring ruin and devastation on merchants and innocent stockholders, without an immediate interference on their part. Will it is banditti be allowed to prowl around every branch in the Union, and pounce upon these; should the branches not be prepared for attack.—

Evening Star.

The above deserves the serious consideration of every man in the community. What is to become of the mercantile interest—and eventually of all other interests, if this is to be continued. Will not the friends of the United States Bank retaliate, and in that case how long should the city banks and some of the pet banks stand the pressure of their notes brought back upon them? A few months would bring no small number of them, with their 10 and 15 dollars in notes for one in specie—U. S. Telegraph.