CENTREVILLE EVENING TIMES

AND EASTERN SHORE PUBLICK ADVERTISER.

IT IS DUE FROM THE PRESS TO THE PEOPLE, THAT ALL COMBINATIONS TO SACRIFICE THEIR INTERESTS AND RESIST THEIR WILL SHOULD BE FAITHFULLY EXPOSED.

VOLUME VII. NO. 208. } CENTREVILLE (E.S.) MD. OCTOBER 11, 1828. { PUBLISHED BY JOHN B. SPENCER PROPRIETOR & EDITOR.

TERMS OF THE TIMES & ADVERTISER

$3 00, per annum, which can be discharged by the sum of $2 50, if paid at the time the Paper is subscribed for—all subscriptions are considered intended for the year unless there has been express agreement with the editor for a shorter term.

No Subscriber can withdraw without paying off all arrearages.

ADVERTISERS

are requested to state, at the time of advertising, the number of times they wish their advertisements published; otherwise they will be printed until countermanded, and charged at the usual rates of $1 per square, for 3 weeks, and 25cts. per square for every subsequent insertion—Advertisements longer than a square are charged in the same ratio.

Letters to the Editor must be *post paid*, to insure attention.

Advertisements must be paid for at the time they are inserted in the Paper.

HOW D'YE DO, AND GOOD BYE.

One day Good bye met How dy'd do,
Too close to shun saluting,
But soon the rival sisters flew
From kissing to disputing.
"Away!" says How d'ye do, "your mein
Appals my cheerful nature,
No name so sad as yours is seen,
In sorrow's nomenclature.
"When e'er I give one sunshine hour
Your cloud comes in to shade it:
When e'er I plant one bosom's flower,
Your mildew drops to fade it,
"Ere How d'ye do has tun'd each tongue
To hope's delightful measure,
Good bye in friendship's ear has rung
The knell of parting pleasure.
"From sorrows past my chemick skill
Draws smiles of consolation:
While you the present joys distil
The tears of separation."
Good bye replied "your statement's true,
And well your cause you've pleaded:
But pray who'd think of How d'ye do,
Unless Good bye proceeded!
"Without my prior influence
Could you have ever flourish'd,
And can your hand one flow'r dispense,
But what my tears have nourish'd!
"How oft, if at the court of love
Concealment be the fashion,
When How d'ye do has failed to move,
Good bye reveals the passion?
"How oft, when Cupid's fires decline
As every heart remembers—
One sigh of mine, and only mine,
Revives the dying embers?
"Go bid the timid lover choose,
And I'll resign my charter,
If he for ten kind How d'ye'do's
One kind Good bye would barter!
"From Love and Friendship's kindred source
We both derive existence,
And they would both lose half their force
Without our joint assistance.
"'Tis well the world our merit knows,
Since time (there's no denying)
One half in how d'ye-doing goes,
And t'other in Good byeing."

An extraordinary production of nature has some time since presented itself to the eye of the public, in the representation of a human profile on the skin of a cat.

This astonishing likeness was first discovered in the store of Abisha T. Woodman, Esq. Valley Forge, Chester county, Pa. The skin except the part showing the profile is white—the likeness black, with white, or gray spots representing the ear, and the eye.—The chin, mouth, nose, forehead, hair, regular turn of a well-shaped head, and the coat collar are all perfectly displayed We have several times heard this natural curiosity described, but on examination we were truly astonished at the regular and minute likeness of the human head and face.

The most learned and scientific men of our country have been both gratified and astonished by seeing this natural curiosity, which was accidentally discovered in Mr. Woodman's store among his other furs.—*Harrisburgh St.*

CURE FOR OLD AGE.

Once upon a time, as the story goes, there arrived in famous city of Zaragoza, an itinerant dealer in recipes and prescriptions, who gave out that he was possessed of a wonderful secret, in the healing art, and among other things, that he could make old women young. His account of the matter appeared so plausible, that, in spite of all experience to the contrary, most people believed him—In consequence of this, great numbers of elderly ladies appeared to him, and begged he would perform the operation on them. He told them that indispensibly necessary to the success, that each of them should set down her name and precise age, upon a schedule, to be prepared for that purpose—This was accordingly done, with an exactnesss which perhaps had not always been observed in all previous statements, on this important particular, and septuagenarians, and even those of ninety years gave in their true standing, without scruple or reserve, lest the smallest deviation from the truth should endanger their anticipated renovation. They were then directed to return to the operator's lodgings, the next day, when they were informed the work would be completed. It is hardly necessary to state they were punctual to the appointment, and were waiting, in anxious expectation for the consummation of their wishes. The grand master spirit at length appeared and with a countenance expressive of the most unfeigned sorrow and disappointment, informed them that a malignant sorceress, who envied him the happiness that awaited him, had stolen the schedule from him during the night, and it was therefore necessary to make a new one: but not to keep any longer in ignorance of the importance and even necessity of that measure, he informed that the whole process would consist in burning alive the oldest of their number, and the rest were to take a portion of her ashes when they would infallibly become young. The astonishment at this information can easily be conceived; but their faith and hope finally triumphed over doubts and fears, and they agreed to make another schedule—They did so, in fact, but not with the same scrupulous exactness as before; for each, apprehensive of being found the oldest on the list, and of being burnt to death made large deductions from her former account, for example, she who yesterday confessed to be ninety, now gave in fifty; she who yesterday set down three score, now wrote thirty five, &c. The disciple of Medea had no sooner received the new schedule than he drew out from his pocket the previous record, and deliberately comparing them together, said with an air of great satisfaction, "well ladies the work is accomplished—I find you have all grown very young since yesterday. You Madam," addressing one of them, "were yesterday ninety years old; to day you are only fifty. You Miss were sixty yesterday, now you are but thirty-five" and so went on from one to another, till he got to the end of the play.

Speculations on Foreign Affairs.

THE POLICY OF PRUSSIA.

From the work of Baron *Bignon*, we condense the following view of the policy of *Prussia*.

Governments are for the most part condemned to content themselves with the power of maintaining their primitive situation, but we sometimes behold a nation spurn a subaltern position, shoot from the circle of its equals, and take place amongst those powers which held from time immemorial the highest rank in the European family. Such has been the particular destiny of the House of Brandenburgh. Its first moment of eclat was the reign of the Grand Elector. *Frederic*, in assuming the title of king, imposed on his descendants the obligation of elevating their country.

Prussia in wrestling against the ambition of *Austria* ought to have found herself the ally of *France*—but these two courts have always been estranged from each other. When *Frederic* exchanged his electoral bonnet for a royal crown, it was effected by a junction of his troops with the enemies of *Louis* the Fourteenth. For forty years *Prussia* was silently preparing the elements of her grandeur.—*Frederic* the Second created, a second time, his nation and his family. The Prussian population which doubted during his reign, the acquisition of *Silesia*, and the first partition of *Poland*, were yet more augmented by the last partition of this kingdom during the reign of *Frederic William*.

In assuming a neutral position in 1796, *Prussia* left *Austria* and *France* to exhaust themselves in their bloody quarrels, but the subsequent occupation of *Hanover* by the French troops aroused the Court of Berlin from its indifference. For a long time the policy of *Prussia* was in a state of painful uncertainty—circumstances compelling her to act against those powers whom she wished to join, and to concert with *France* whom she wished to forsake. In 1795 the invasion of *Anspach* by the French, irritated her so much, that she sent Count *Bauchwitz* to the chief of the French armies, with instructions to declare hostilities. Whilst the Count was on his journey, fortune changed the state of affairs, and with it the nature of his message. When he left *Berlin* he bore a hostile message; on his arrival at the French head quarters, his language was that of congratulation to the victors! The Austrian army had been beaten back by the French, and it was the battle of Austerlitz which paved the way for that treaty which gave *Hanover* to *Prussia*, and *Wessel* to *France*.

But though *Prussia* gained territory, her self-love was wounded by the session of *Wessel*, the key of her empire. The wound was severe, the enemies of *France* poured poison in, and the mischief was done. Suddenly she threw off her timidity and reserve, and passed to the opposite extreme. She called upon *France* to evacuate *Germany* immediately, and set herself about sustaining this sudden summons with men in arms. A single day punished this impudence, and strewed in the dust the labors and efforts of sixty years. The monarchy of *Prussia* expired—its martial renown was lost.

A surprising change of affairs recovered for *Prussia* her lost glory. This resulted from her association with *Russia*. The stamp is given to her policy; it is wrapped up in that of *Russia*. In our next we shall endeavour to throw some light on this policy. *N.Y. Courer.*

Late Sheriff's Sale.

BY Virtue of a writ of Ven. Exps. issued out of Queen Ann's County court, to me directed, at the suit of Noah Merchant, against Peregrine Peters will be sold at Sudler's ⋈ Roads, on

Saturday the 11th of October next,

between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 P. M. the following property to wit:—

A part of a tract of land called Small Hope, part of of a tract of land called Solloway's Adventure, part of a tract of land called Mayor's Addition, containing

113 Acres of Land,

more or less.

3 head of Cattle ONE HORSE,

and Eigh teen Shoats.

Seized and taken as the property of said Peters, and will be sold to satisfy the above mentioned writ, debt, interest and cost, due, and to become due thereon

THOS. ROBERTS, late shff.

Sept. 20—4w

FOUNTAIN INN,

LIGHT-STREET, BALTIMORE

M. BARR,

HAVING leased the above extensive, well known, and long established *HOTEL*, informs his friends, the friends of the House, and the Public generally, that he has had the house thoroughly repaired and fitted up in a very superior manner with entire new furniture, and is now prepared with every requisite throughout every department of his establishment to make his customers comfortable.

There are several pleasant parlors fitted up with chambers attached, having a private entrance for accommodation of families.

The location of this Hotel is most advantageous for Gentlemen visiting the city on business, being near both the Wharves and Market Street; however it is known to almost every Gentleman who comes to Baltimore by the Bay, and has been formerly a favorite stopping place with them.

The proprietor trusts it will become a favorite house again with gentlemen from the bay, when it is known that the house is in as fine order as it ever has been; and he feels a confidence (will gentlemen call and see the alterations and improvements made) that a portion of patronage will be awarded him, pledges himself that as far as attention and exertion can go toward accommodation, nothing will be wanting to produce comfort.

☞ Terms of board one dollar per day.

Baltimore, May 3, 1828—6m.

UNION HOTEL.

SOLOMON LOWE

Returns his sincere thanks to his old customers and travellers generally who have been so kind and liberal as to afford him the pleasure of their company. He begs leave to inform them that he has removed to the stand at the corner of Harrison and Washington streets, in Easton, within a few yards of the Bank where he will have great satisfaction in receiving his old customers, and has provided for their reception and entertainment every possible convenience.

Private parties can have the most private apartments and the best entertainment with complaisant, waiters, & all the luxuries of the season upon the shortest possible notice.—Mr. S. Lowe calculates on and invites the custom of all old friends and strangers.

Mr. Lowe's Hacks will attend the steamboat with the greatest punctuality.

Easton August 2—tf.

NO BLANKS.

In the 3first schemes of the Next Lottery.

COHEN'S OFFICE

September 17, 1828.

Grand State Lottery of Md.

No. 5. for 1828, to be drawn by Sub-schemes, under an Improved Mode secured by Letters Patent, and by which the Adventurer CANNOT DRAW A BLANK, until the whole of the Sub-schemes are completed; in the mean time he has the chance of every prize in the entire Lottery, WITHOUT ANY RISK WHATEVER, till the completion of last Sub-scheme. HIGHEST PRIZE

Ten Thousand Dollars.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	10,000 Dolls.
1 prize of	3,000 Dolls.
4 prizes of	2,000 Dolls.
4 prizes of	1,000 Dolls.
5 prizes of	500 Dolls.
20 prizes of	100 Dolls.
27 prizes of	50 Dolls.
100 prizes of	20 Dolls.
202 prizes of	10 Dolls.
105 prizes of	6 Dolls.
4000 prizes of	5 Dolls.
6000 prizes of	4 Dolls.
10479	$80,000

☞ The Sub-schemes are as follow:—the first one which will be drawn on

Wednesday, the 22d of October.

The others will follow without unnecessary delay.

1ST. SUB-SCHEME.		2D. SUB-SCHEME.	
1 prize of	$2000	1 prize of	$2000
1	1000	1	1000
1	500	1	500
5	100	5	100
9	50	9	50
20	20	20	20
34	10	34	10
35	6	35	6
2000	4	2000	5
2106 prizes,	$13,400	2106 prizes,	$13,400

3D. SUB-SCHEME.		4TH SUB-SCHEME.	
1 prize of	$2000	1 prize of	$10,000
1	1000	1	3000
1	500	1	2000
5	50	1	1000
9	10	2	500
20	20	5	100
34	10	10	50
35	6	40	20
2000	4	100	10
		4000	3
2106	$13,400	4161	$36,800

*** *The whole of the Prizes are payable in CASH which can be had the moment they are drawn.*

Full Schemes explaining the mode of drawing will be forwarded with tickets to distant adventurers; and to whom, after the drawing, the Register containing the official lists will be sent, if desired.

Whole Tickets, $5.00 | *Quarters*, $1.25
Halves, 2.50 | *Eighths*, 62½

To be had in the greatest variety of Nos.

at Cohen's Office.

114, Market-street, Baltimore, Where the Capital Prizes in all the previous Classes were sold, and where Both the Great Prizes of

$100,000 Dollars

were sold in former Lotteries, and where more Capital Prizes have been sold than at any other office in America.

*** Orders either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prizes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. Address to

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,

Baltimore, sept. 17, 1828.

Negroes For Sale.

FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

A gentleman has Five young and Healthy Negroes to dispose of for a term of years—namely, 3 males, who have 18, 16 & 10 years each to serve; and 2 Females, who have 10 and 6 years, each, to serve. The males have been brought up to Farm work, and the females to House work. For further particulars inquire of the Editor of the Centreville Times, who will direct where they are to be found.

N. B. Should they not be sold before December, next, they will be to hire for the ensuing year, 1829.

Sept. 27, 3t

CENTREVILLE TIMES & EASTERN SHORE (Md.) ADVERTISER—devoted to Agriculture, Politicks, Religion, the Arts and Sciences, and News generally, Price $2, 50 per annum—Is published by JOHN B. SPENCER, (Proprietor and Editor,) in Centre Ville, Queen Ann's County, Eastern shore of Maryland, and circulates freely through the surrounding neighbourhood; the various Counties on the Eastern Shore in parts of the Western Shore of Maryland, and other of the States of the Union. CENTREVILLE is situated in the *centre* of the most populous and wealthy part of the Peninsula, and has communication, daily, with the various parts of the Eastern shore with Wilmington and Smyrna (Delaware,) and Philadelphia by post-roads; with Baltimore, Annapolis &c &c. by the Chesapeake Bay—persons in business, Lottery and Exchange Brokers, &c. will promote their *own interest* by communicating with the lic through the above Paper

Advertisements inserted at usual rates with a liberal deduction to those advertising by the year. 8

$50 REWARD,

Ranaway, on Eastern Shore, Caroline County, near Boonsborough, Negroman Jake Fisher, belonging to the heirs of Richard Hall, deceased--Jake Fisher is about 22 or 3 years of age, well made, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches in height, is black, one or two of his under fore teeth standing out or double; talks hoarse; a good natured fellow and appears to be religious; I will give $50 if he is taken up in the state of Maryland and, delivered to me, or secured in Centreville jail, and $50 if taken up out of the state of maryland, and delivered to me in the aforesaid jail of Centreville, Queen Ann's County, in the state of maryland.

JOHN NEAVITT.

Near Hall's ⋈ Roads, Q.A. County

April 19th, tf

Constable's Sale.

BY Virtue of four writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, three at the suit of Col. James Roe, and one at the suit of John Green, against James Reed, sen. will be sold at Roe's ⋈ Roads, on

Monday the 27th Instant,

between the hours of eight o'clock A. M. and 5 P. M. the following property to wit:

One Negro Boy John—
—One Negro Boy Henry.

Seized and taken as the property of said Reed, and will be sold to satisfy the above mentioned writs of fi. fas. debt, interest and costs, due, and to become due thereon.

JOHN RIGBY, Jr.

Oct. 4—4t *Constable.*

Bargains

JOHN S. CONSTABLE

Respectfully informs the publick that having purchased the STOCK of

GOODS,

Belonging to Mr. William Harper, Jr. he is now ready to to dispose of them on the most reasonable terms; the Assortment is very fine and consists in part as follows, viz:—

Sup. Blue and Black Cloths,
Fine and Common do.
Sup. and Common Casimeres,
Super Vesting, and Velvet Silks,
Valentias, Marseilles, &c.
Sup. and Common Calicoes,
Do. Do. Ginghams,
Cambrick and Jackonetts,
Irish Linens and Lawns,
Fig'd. and plain Swiss Muslins,
Fig'd. and Plain Book do.
Book and Jackonett Hdfs.
Worsted and Cotton Hosiery,
Italian and Canton Crapes,
Bombazeens and Bombazetts,
Ladies Gloves—Good Assortment,
Mens do. do.
Blk. Silk Shawls and Hdfs.
Domestic Shirting and Sheetings,
Flannels—Linseys,
Kerseys, Blankets
Gauze Hdfs. Ribbons,
Check, Plaids,
Blk. Italian Lustring,
Do. Senshaws,
Cotton, Yarn, &c.
China, Glass, &c.

He assures the publick and his old Customers, in particular, he is determined to sell great Bargains, and they would do well to give him an early call.—

Centreville, Sep. 27—tf

LIST of Letters remaining IN THE POST OFFICE, AT

Centreville Md. October 1, 1828.

B—Clinton W. Betton, Edw Browne, Mary E. Blake, Benjamin Blackiston, Dorkas Benson.
C—Edward H. DeCoursey, Mary Cecil.
D—John Downing, William Downing.
D—Edward Elbert.
G—Mary G. Gibson, Mary Ann Gale.
H—Dr. James K. Harper,
K—James Kinnamont, Saml. M. Keene.
L—Mary Lloyd.
M—William McGuire, 2, James McGuire, 2, Sarah Meredith.
N—Catharine Newnam.
P—Henry R. Pratt.
R—William Robinson, William Reed, Charles Redman.
S—Mary Smith.
T—William C. Tilghman, Rezin E. Tillard, Hezekiah Tarmin, Peregrine Tolson.
W—Mrs. Wilmer, Robert Wright.

SAMUEL C. FALLOWFIELD,