

In the Anti-Masonic Almanack for 1828, we find the following account of the Morgan abduction, by the author, Mr. Edward Giddins, who, as it appears from his own statement, was concerned in the conspiracy.

STATEMENT OF FACTS, ETC.

On or about the 11th September, 1826, two masons called on me and stated that they had some very important business with me, and asked for a private room; they observed that their business with me was of the utmost importance, and asked if I was a friend to masonry, the other then observed that there was no danger in making known their business to me, as I had the confidence of, and was much respected by the masons. I observed that I was a friend to the institution, or ought to be, that I had belonged to the order a good many years, and had always been well received and used by them. They then observed that a wretch by the name of Morgan of Batavia, had been writing the secrets of masonry, that the book must not be suffered to appear, as such an event would ruin the institution—that the masons were determined to suppress it at all hazards—that Morgan must be put where he could be of no more injury to masonry—and that their business was to find a secure place to confine him in for a few days until he could be sent over the river and delivered to the Canadian masons for them to send him further on, or otherwise dispose of him as they thought proper; that they could think of no better place for the purpose than Fort Niagara, and asked my opinion; I answered that I thought the Fort would be a safe place as they could fix upon for that purpose, and also, in answer to their further enquiries, that there were rooms where he could be kept perfectly secure, and that the keeper of the Fort was a mason, and consequently would aid and assist in the business. We then called on another Mason before whom the same conversation took place as at my house; he expressed a perfect willingness to render every assistance in his power, and made the offer of any building under his charge for the purpose, and when the Magazine was fixed upon as the most suitable, he promised to have it put in readiness for the reception of the prisoner, by having the fixed ammunition and other public property taken out, and put in the house near by, as it was understood the prisoner might be there in two or three nights. I then observed to one of them that I thought the wiser way would be to let the book appear and laugh it down, that Morgan undoubtedly had friends, who would, probably, raise a disturbance, which would result in a greater injury to masonry than the book could effect; that some trivial alteration could be made in the manner of writing, as was done when Jachin and Boaz appeared, which would as effectually prevent book masons from entering lodges as if no disclosure had been made; he said my advice might be good, but it was too late to take it, as Morgan was probably already in the hands of masons, and on his way west.

Nothing farther of moment transpired, to my present recollection, until the night between the 13th and 14th Sept. 1826, when I was called from my bed about midnight as near as I could judge, by a mason of high standing, who had been a member of — and a high priest of the order; I hurried to the door but partly dressed, where he met me, and in a low voice but with great earnestness and a hurried tone, said, "Giddins we have got the d—d perjured rascal who has been exposing our secrets; he is here, bound hoodwinked and under guard. Put on your clothes as soon as possible and take us over the river, we are going to deliver him over to the Canadian masons, for them to send him to Lower Canada, or otherwise dispose of him as they think proper." I was upon the point of going back to finish dressing myself, when another mason, who held a high office in the county, asked for some water to give the poor wretch, as he expressed himself, as he (meaning Morgan) was almost famished. After I had put on my clothes, I observed to my wife that I was going over the river with masons to borrow jewels for the next day's installation. I satisfied her enquiries, and went out; near the door were four men, one of which, (and who was as I afterwards learnt was Morgan,) was blindfolded with a white handkerchief, his arms were tied behind him with a cord, and his hat was hauled down over his forehead; two men led him to a ferry boat, one taking hold of each arm near the shoulder as though he was too weak to walk alone. As I afterwards discovered, he appeared to be a man about 50 years of age, a little bald on the top of his head, and about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; he spoke deliberately, had a correct pronunciation, and from what little I heard him converse, concluded that he was possessed of a handsome address, and had a good share of common sense, and was well acquainted with mankind.

During our passage over the river but few words were spoken, and they in a low tone. We landed some distance from any dwelling and nearly opposite the Fort. The night was very light and in every respect pleasant. Two of the company went up into the town, telling us they were going to see the masons to ascertain if they were ready to receive Morgan, they requested us to keep by the boat, until their return, and if we saw any approach to shove from the shore immediately, unless the signal agreed upon, which was a whistle, should be given. They were probably two hours during which time Morgan kept his seat. A man sat in front of him with a pistol in his hand ready to shoot him if he made any resistance, and this pistol belonged to one who held a high office in this county. Morgan attempted to put his hand in his vest pocket, but the cord with which his arms were tied prevented him from doing so, and he said to me, "my friend have the goodness to put your hand into my vest pocket and take out a quid of tobacco." I put my hand into his pocket agreeably to his request, and found a small piece of tobacco and a small pocket knife. I gave him the tobacco and returned the knife, which was however afterwards taken from him. Soon after this Morgan in a faint voice said, "Gentlemen, I am your prisoner and I know that I am completely in your power, shew your magnanimity by using me kindly, or words to that effect; he was immediately interrupted by the person who sat in front of him, who said as he presented a pistol to his breast, "silence, you d—d rascal or I will shoot you in a moment, no more of your preaching." After this Morgan requested one of us to loosen the bandage a little, as it pained his eyes most intolerably; the same person above referred to,

put his hand under the bandage and exclaimed "it dont hurt you, it is not tight, silence!" Again after this, Morgan made another attempt to speak, but before he could articulate a single phrase, this man bore the pistol against his breast apparently with some force, and said to him, "do you not feel that?" "I do," said Morgan, "well," resumed this man, "if you attempt to speak another word you are a dead man!" Morgan was then silent, after uttering a groan which was enough to pierce the hearts of any but conspirators.

The rest of our company now returned accompanied by two other men, one of which held a high office in the province of Upper Canada, and was also a high mason; the company now held much conversation together in a low tone, but I was not anxious to hear it. I however subsequently learnt by one of them, that it was requesting Morgan's being brought over again when the masons on that side were ready to receive him, but that they were not yet ready, and they therefore must take him back.

The boat now returned to the Fort with the same individuals it took from thence. Morgan was locked into the Magazine; the inside door was fastened with a board, the outside door was locked, the key given to me with a request to take charge of him for a few days, until the Canadian masons should get ready to receive him. I was requested to give him a plenty of Whisky, that if it killed him so much the better, that he was almost exhausted and could make but little resistance, or but little noise. It was nearly or quite daylight, the company went away and I went to bed.

An ex-high priest of the order, called on me the next day, and enquired how it was with my prisoner; I answered that I had not been to see him, nor had I heard of him. He then enquired if I intended to go to the installation. I answered that I believed I should not, or could not go. He then urged me very strongly and repeatedly to go, when I found the only way to avoid his importunities, was to say that I did not think it would be prudent for the Fort to be left as things were situated, as the keeper was going, and no one would be left to have charge. This had the desired effect, and I remained behind, not that I had any anxiety for the safe keeping of Morgan, or that I thought he could get out of his prison, but that I never had a taste for such meetings, and did not wish to go. About 10 o'clock A. M. on the 14th, the Steam Boat left the wharf, taking on board all persons from the Fort but Miss Bell, a boarder at the keeper's house, the keeper's little daughter, about 11 or 12 years of age, and a yellow woman. At my house none were left but a hired man and woman, myself and children, and a person who lodged with me the night preceding, and who was a mason. Soon after the boat left the wharf, my lodger and myself, went to the Magazine to see if Morgan wanted any thing to eat or drink, and we did not forget to take the pistol with us; we opened the outside door and were upon the point of unfastening the other, when Morgan spoke from within in the following manner as near as I can recollect "Gentlemen, you had better not open this door, I have got a barricade here that will astonish you, I think there are but two of you, and as I am situated, can master you; and I am determined not to be bled to death by that Doctor, but here I will starve rather than fall into his hands." We told him that we came to see if he was in want of any thing, not to hurt him, but if he made any resistance we would force the worse. One of us said to the other in a loud voice, for him to hear, "here give me the pistol!" Morgan on hearing this began to cry murder, and we thought it prudent not to go in. I advised my lodger to hurry to Lewiston with all possible speed and inform that Morgan was very noisy, and they must send down some to silence him.

(To be continued.)

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COUNTRY PRODUCE AT THE HIGHEST PRICES

Will be taken for Debts due this Office for Subscriptions, &c &c

EDITOR C. VILLE TIMES

CORN—OATS, & WHEAT,

Wanted by the subscriber, in lieu of Debts due the Centreville Times establishment. JOHN B. SPENCER. Aug. 9d. 1828.

Cash for Negroes.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase one hundred likely young slaves, from the age of 12 to 25 years; for which he will pay the highest cash prices. Persons disposed to sell will please call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern, in Easton, where he can be found at all times. June 21. J. B. WOOLFOLK.

Officer's Fees!

ALL Persons indebted to the late William Robinson for officers' fees, are hereby notified that Thomas Murphey Esq. is authorized to receive the same. The deputies of the said Robinson are hereby authorized & directed to execute in every case, where the money is not paid either to them or the said Murphey.

HENRY STORY.
JOHN RIGBY.
ROBT. WRIGHT, jr.
SAML. S. ROBINSON

MANUFACTORY.

WM. ROBINSON, No. 36, Market Street, between Front and Second street, PHILADELPHIA.

HAS constantly on hand an Assortment of Fashionable and Plain Water Proof Hats, of his own Manufacture—of superior Workmanship and Colour, which he will dispose of at very reduced prices, either Wholesale or Retail.

Country Merchants, and the Publick generally, are respectfully invited to call and examine them.

Philadelphia, Oct. 18, 1828. 1y

Houses to Rent,

In Centreville.

Will be Rented the ensuing year, 1829,

Two Stores,

ONE, at present occupied by Messrs. Larrimore & Casson, and the one adjoining.

—ALSO,—

One Lot in Town,

Upon which are a Stable and Carriage House in excellent order. Likewise One Large LOT, adjoining the property of Mr. Robert Sparks.

The above property is well known, and will be rented on moderate terms.

Apply to

MARY KENT.

Nov. 1st. Centreville.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY From the Subscriber on the night of the 28th Inst. two Negro Men.

PERE CHAMBERS, aged about twenty-two years; about five feet six inches High, a very Dark Mulatto; A Scar on his forehead which cannot be seen unless his hat is off; caused by a blow from a Hatchet; he has a Scar on the back of his head, caused by a Brickbat; he has a variety of Clothing which cannot be described; a good Waiter and Farm hand; bow legged; his countenance is pleasant; a large nose, and very talkative.

BILL WILLIAMS, aged about Eighteen years; about five feet, seven or 8 inches high; black, large mouth; a scar from the kick of a horse near one of his eyes; bow legged; he has a Fur Hat, maker's name Jacob Rodgers & Son, and also Thos. Coursey's name in the hat; a Round Jacket of Drab Cloth, a pair of Blue (Cotton and Wool) Kersey Pantaloon, and other clothing which cannot be described.

They took with them a Black Mare about seven years old, white face, large head, her left hind leg is swelled; she is about fifteen hands high, supposed to be with-foal.

Also a Dark Chesnut Sorrel Horse about twelve years old; about fourteen to fifteen hands high, he is apt to slip his bridle. Both horses work well in harness, also are good for riding.

Any person taking up said Runaways, and secure them in Centre-Ville Jail in this county, shall receive 100 dollars for each, and five dollars for each horse if delivered to me in Queens-town.

GERALD COURSEY.
Queenstown, Q. A. County, Md.
Fov. 1—1f

Vendue.

THE Subscriber intending to decline Housekeeping, will expose to publick sale to the highest bidder, on

Thursday, 4th December, next, (if fair, if not, the next fair day, at her residence, on the Back Street Centreville.—All her HOUSEHOLD and Kitchen FURNITURE.

A Horse and Gig, and Garden vegetables—

ALSO

MILCH COWS.

Terms of Sale—6 months credit for all sums over 5 dollars with good Security—all sums under 5 dollars must be paid before the property purchased can be removed.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to attend.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A.M. ANNA L. EMORY.
November, 1828.

Magistrates Blanks,

For Sale at this Office.

CENTREVILLE TIMES & EASTERN SHORE (Md.) ADVERTISER—devoted to Agriculture, Politics, Religion, the Arts and Sciences, and News generally, Price \$2.50 per annum—Is published by JOHN B. SPENCER, (Proprietor and Editor,) in Centre-Ville, Queen Ann's County, Eastern shore of Maryland, and circulates freely through the surrounding neighbourhood; the various Counties on the Eastern Shore in parts of the Western Shore of Maryland, and other of the States of the Union CENTREVILLE is situated in the centre of the most populous and wealthy part of the Peninsula, and has communication, daily, with the various parts of the Eastern shore with Wilmington and Smyrna (Delaware,) and Philadelphia by post-roads; with Baltimore, Annapolis &c. by the Chesapeake Bay—persons in business, Lottery and Exchange Brokers, &c. will promote their own interest by communicating with the lic through the above Paper. Advertisements inserted at usual rates with a liberal deduction to those advertising by the year.

Teacher Wanted,

For the year 1829 to teach a Primary School near Roe's Roads, applications will be received until the 22d, day of Nov. none need apply except such as will obtain a Certificate of qualification from the Inspectors of Primary Schools for Queen Ann's county.

ISAAC BAGGS,
GOULD PRICE, } Trustees.
PHILEMON SKINNER, }

RUNAWAY.

WAS committed to the Jail of Queen Ann's County, on the 28th July 1828, by Edward H. Coursey, Esq. a Justice of the peace, for said County, as

A RUNAWAY SLAVE,

a black man, who calls himself Charles John Stout Williams, "alias" John Williams; he is about 30 years of age, 5 feet, six or seven inches high, had on when committed, a black frock-coat, and a pair of linen pantalets, and a black fur Hat.

The aforesaid Negro Man is supposed to be the property of Mr. Snowden, of the Western Shore of Maryland. The Owner of said Negro Man is requested to come forward, and pay Charges, or he will be released according to law.

THOS. ASHCOT.
Sheriff of Queen Ann's County.
Oct. 11, 1828 10t.

NO BLANKS.

In the 3rd scheme of the Next Lottery.

COHEN'S OFFICE—Baltimore, }
September 17, 1828. }

Grand State Lottery of Md.

No. 5, for 1828, to be drawn by Sub-schemes, under an Improved Mode secured by Letters Patent, and by which the Adventurer CANNOT DRAW A BLANK, until the whole of the Sub-schemes are completed; in the mean time he has the chance of every prize in the entire Lottery, WITHOUT ANY RISK WHATSOEVER, till the completion of last Sub-scheme. HIGHEST PRIZE

Ten Thousand Dollars.

1ST. SUB-SCHEME.	2d. SUB-SCHEM.
1 prize of \$3,000	1 prize of \$2,000
1 1000	1 1000
1 500	1 500
5 100	5 100
9 50	9 50
20 20	20 20
32 10	34 10
35 6	35 6
2000 4	2000 5

2106 prizes, \$13,400 2106 prizes, \$13,400

3d. SUB-SCHEME.	4TH SUB-SCHEME.
1 prize of \$2,000	1 prize of \$10,000
1 1000	1 3000
1 500	1 2000
5 50	1 1000
9 20	5 500
20 10	100 100
34 10	50 50
35 6	20 20
2000 4	100 10
	4000 3

2106 \$13,400 4161 \$36,800

** The whole of the Prizes are payable in CASH which can be had the moment they are drawn.

Full Schemes explaining the mode of drawing will be forwarded with tickets to distant adventurers; and to whom, after the drawing, the Register containing the official lists will be sent, if desired.

Whole Tickets, \$5.00 | Quarters, \$1.25
Halves, 2.50 | Eighths, 62½

To be had in the greatest variety of Nos.

at Cohen's Office.

114, Market-street, Baltimore, Where the Capital Prizes in all the previous Classes were sold, and where Both the Great Prizes of

\$100,000 Dollars

were sold in former Lotteries, and where more Capital Prizes have been sold than at any other office in America.

** Orders either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prizes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. Address to

J. C. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,
Baltimore, Sept. 17, 1828.

SPORTSMEN,

Can at all times be furnished by the Keg or pound with Rogers's Orange Gun Powder, of F. FF. or FFF. A trial of this superior Powder is only asked to insure a preference to any now in use. It is quicker, cleaner, and as strong as any English powder I ever used—Apply to EDW. I. WILLSON, Commission Merchant No. 4. Bowley's Wharf, Baltimore.

Nov. 15—7w

WANTED—6 or 8 Persons,

to get STAVES, HEADING, HOOP POLES, and CEDAR POSTS. The place off of which they are to be got lies near Ch. Hill. The Persons will get them on shares and find themselves. Apply to the Editor for further information.

New Fall Goods!!!

JUST RECEIVED!

THE Publick are informed

that a General and Beautiful Ass'tment of Superior Cheap Fall Goods, Has been received at the Store of NATHAN BAYNARD. These Goods will be sold on the most advantageous terms to old Customers, and to the Publick, generally.

His Assortment Consists in part as follows viz:—

Superfine Blue and Black Cloths.
Sup. Olive do.
Fine & Common Blue and Blk Cloths.
Sap. and Common Blue, Blk. & Steel mixed Casimeres.
Sup. Drab Cloths, Common do. do.
Steel mixed Cloths, Fine and Common, Steel mixed Grey, and Blue Sattinette and Casinette.
Drab Flushings, Rose Blankets, Large point Blankets, Flannels and Linseys, Bombazetts, Fig'd. and Plain, Bombazeens.
Black Worsted Hose,
Cotton do. do.
Children's Stockings and Socks,
Sup. and Common Vestings,
Blue Camlet,
Fig'd. and Plain Cloth Shawls,
Sup. and Fine Calicoes, Common do.
Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs,
Madras Hd'ls.
Ribands, Fig'd. and Plain,
Ladies' and Men's Gloves,
Bed Tickings,
Good Domestic Plaids,
Irish Linens and Lawns,
Fine Sheeting and Shirting,
Common do. do.
Cambricks and Jacksonets,
Swiss Muslins, Plain and Figured.
Bang Up Cord.
Checks, Fine and Common,
Fine Cotton Hose.
Buttons, Tapes, Threads,
Cotton Yarn, from No. 5 to 10.
Centre-Ville, Oct. 18, 1828. 1f

\$50 REWARD,

Ranaway, on Easter Holydays, last, from Abraham Jump, of Caroline County, in the state of Maryland, near Boonsborough, Negroman Jake Fisher, belonging to the heirs of Richard Hall, deceased—Jake Fisher is about 22 or 3 years of age, well made, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches in height, is black, one or two of his under fore teeth standing out or double; talks hoarse; a good natured fellow and appears to be religious; I will give \$50 if he is taken upon the state of Maryland and delivered to me, or secured in Centreville jail, and \$50 if taken up out of the state of Maryland, and delivered to me in the aforesaid jail of Centreville, Queen Ann's County, in the state of Maryland.

JOHN NEAVITT.
Near Hall's Roads, Q.A. Count
April 19th, 1f

GLASS WARE.

To Druggists, China Merchants, Country Store keepers, and Dealers in Glassware TWENTY THOUSAND gross opothecaries' Vials, 15,000 do. Patent Medicine do 1,000 do Cologne water bottles 1,900 do Mustard and Cayenne Bottles 7,000 doz quart bottles 3,000 do half gallon do 3,000 do Washington & Eagle Point Flasks 3,000 do La Fayette & Eagle do. do 3,000 do Dyott & Franklin do. do 3,000 do ship Franklin & Agricultural do 5,000 do assorted Eagle, &c. do 1,000 do common ribbed do 3,000 do Eagle, Cornucopia, &c. half pints 3,500 do Jars, assorted all sizes 5,000 do druggists & confectioners' show bottles 3,000 do do packing bottles assorted size 5,000 do Acid bottles, ground stoppers 3,000 do Tincture bottles, assorted sizes 3,000 do Mineral Water do 6,000 do Snuff do 5,000 Demijohns, different sizes

With a variety of Glassware, all of which is manufactured at the Philadelphia and Kensington Factories and in quality and workmanship is considered equal and in many of the articles, superior to English manufacture. For sale by

T. W. DYOTT,
Corner of Second & Race streets, Phila.
Three or four first rate Vial Blowers will meet with constant employment and good ages, by applying as above. Dec. 9. 1f